Test #6: Chapter 11 Mth 164-280

Name: _____

Important Dates/Times: <u>Turn This Test in By-</u>

Saturday, 11:00AM, 05/01/10 = 10 point bonus Tuesday, 7:00PM, 05/04/10 = as graded Wednesday, 10:00AM, $05/05/10 = \max(25 \text{ point penalty}, 0 \text{ grade})$ Thursday, 10:00AM, $05/06/10 = \max(50 \text{ point penalty}, 0 \text{ grade})$ Friday, 10:00AM, $05/07/10 = \max(75 \text{ point penalty}, 0 \text{ grade})$ Any Date Later = 0 grade

Instructions: Print this test from the PDF file on Blackboard. Show all work on these pages. You may use the back of the pages, if necessary. Put <u>only</u> the answers in the answer block(s) if provided.

1. Find the third and fifth terms of the sequence that is defined by:

$$a_n = \frac{(-1)^{n+1}(n+2)!}{3}$$

Solve the expression value. Give the answers as <u>numbers</u>, not expressions.

Third term	
Fifth term	

2. Find the third, fourth, and fifth terms of the sequence defined by the recursive formula:

$$a_1 = -5$$

 $a_2 = 3$
 $a_n = na_{n-1} + 5a_{n-2}, for n \ge 3$

Solve the expression value. Give the answers as <u>numbers</u>, not expressions.

Third term	
Fourth term	
Fifth term	

3. Classify this sequence as an arithmetic sequence, a geometric sequence, or neither.

$$a_n = 20 - 3n$$

Arithmetic sequence
Geometric sequence
Neither

4. Classify this sequence as an arithmetic sequence, a geometric sequence, or neither.

$$a_n = \frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^{n-1}$$

Arithmetic sequence
Geometric sequence
Neither

5. Classify this sequence as an arithmetic sequence, a geometric sequence, or neither.

$$a_n = \frac{3}{n!}$$

Arithmetic sequence
Geometric sequence
Neither

6. Write

$$5 - 9 + 13 - 17 + 21 - 25$$

in summation notation.

Answer:

7. Find:

$$\sum_{k=1}^{4} (2k^2 + k)$$

Give the answer as a <u>number</u>, not an expression.

Answer:

8. Find

$$\sum_{k=2}^{7} (-1)^k (4k-1)$$

Give the answer as a <u>number</u>, not an expression.

Answer:

9. Find the formula for the nth term of the geometric sequence:

96, 48, 24, 12, 6, 3, $\frac{3}{2}$, ...

Answer: $a_n =$

10. Find the fourth term of a geometric sequence whose first term is 6 and whose fifth term is $30\frac{3}{8}$. Give the answer in lowest terms, <u>not a decimal value</u>. If the answer is not given in lowest terms, it will be counted as incorrect; no partial credit will be given.

Answer:

11. Find the sum of the infinite geometric series:

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1800 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n$$

Give the answer as a <u>number</u>.



12. Write $0.\overline{148}$ as the quotient of two integers. Give the answer in lowest terms. If the answer is not given in lowest terms, it will be counted as incorrect; no partial credit will be given.

Answer:	